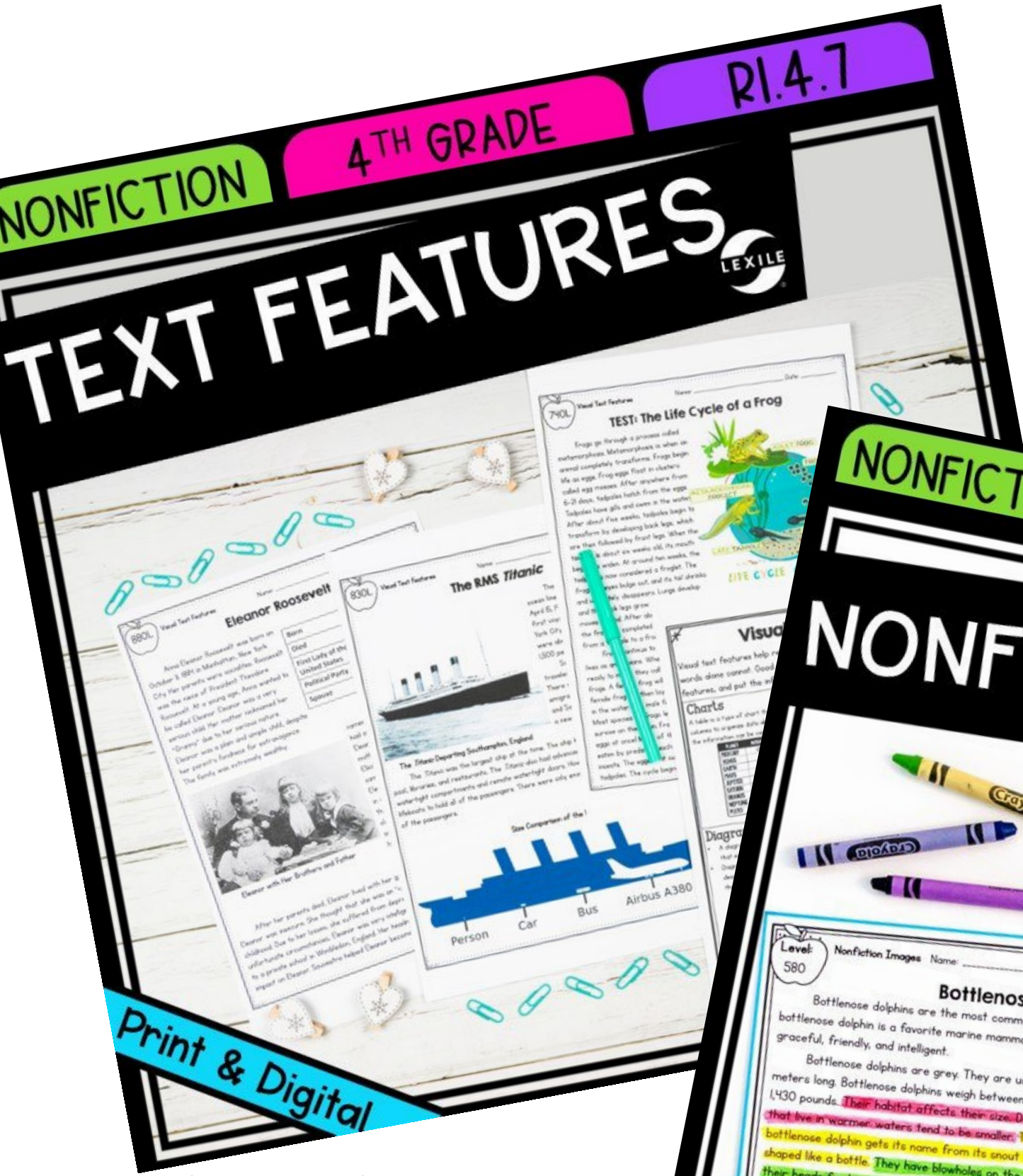
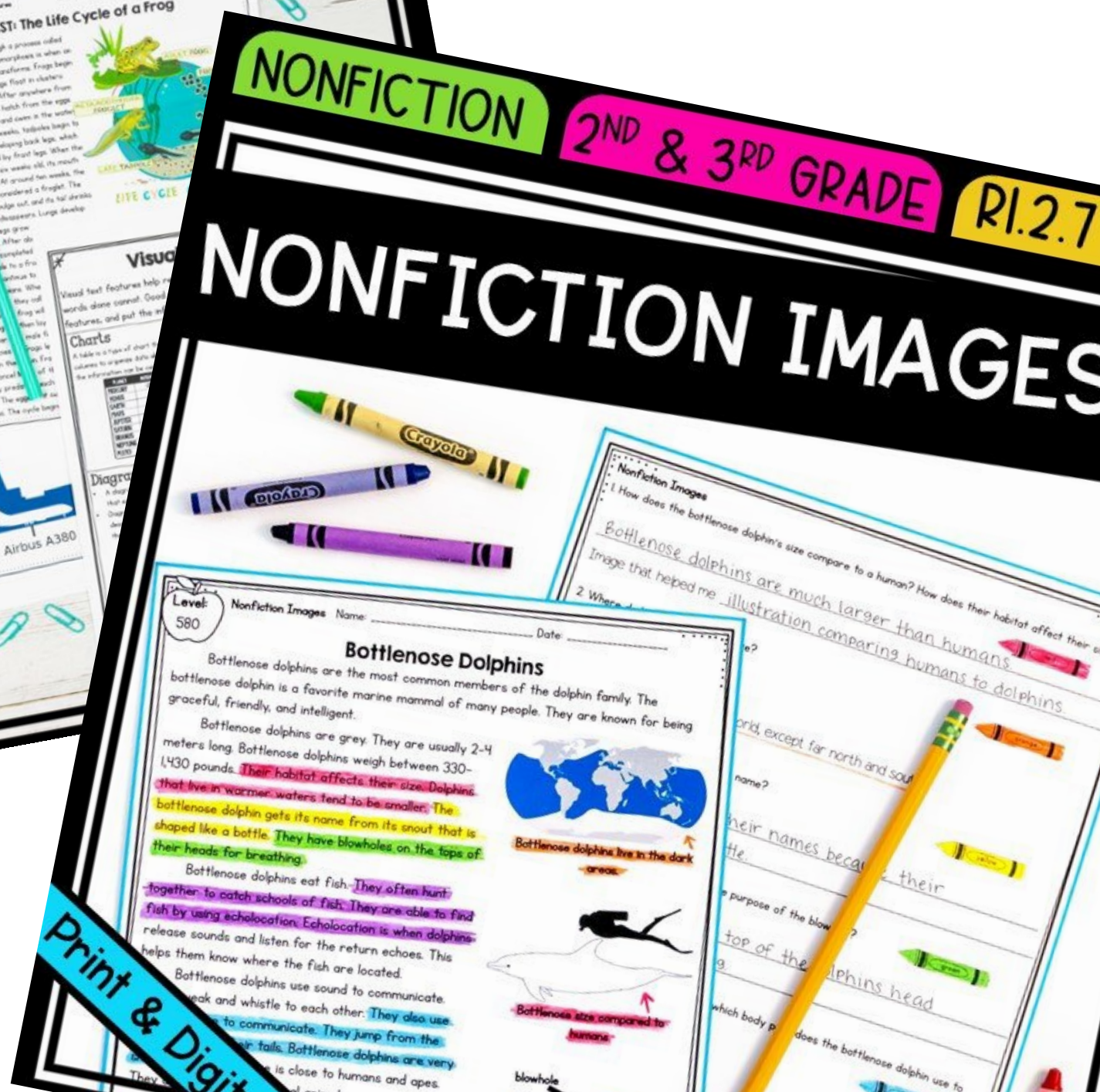
DIFFERENTIATED BUNDLE





text features

2nd, 3rd & 4th grade

NONFICTION | 2ND & 3RD GRADE | RI.2.7 / 3.7

NONFICTION IMAGES

LEXILE



Nonfiction Images

1. How does the bottlenose dolphin's size compare to a human? How does their habitat affect their size?

Bottlenose dolphins are much larger than humans.

Image that helped me illustration comparing humans to dolphins

Nonfiction Images Name: _____ Date: _____

Level: 580

Bottlenose Dolphins

Bottlenose dolphins are the most common members of the dolphin family. The bottlenose dolphin is a favorite marine mammal of many people. They are known for being graceful, friendly, and intelligent.

Bottlenose dolphins are grey. They are usually 2-4 meters long. Bottlenose dolphins weigh between 330-1,430 pounds. Their habitat affects their size. Dolphins that live in warmer waters tend to be smaller. The bottlenose dolphin gets its name from its snout that is shaped like a bottle. They have blowholes on the tops of their heads for breathing.

Bottlenose dolphins eat fish. They often hunt together to catch schools of fish. They are able to find fish by using echolocation. Echolocation is when dolphins release sounds and listen for the return echoes. This helps them know where the fish are located.

Bottlenose dolphins use sound to communicate. They speak and whistle to each other. They also use [illegible] to communicate. They jump from the [illegible] their tails. Bottlenose dolphins are very [illegible] is close to humans and apes. [illegible] animals.

They [illegible] fascinating mammals. We [illegible] intelligent creatures.



Bottlenose dolphins live in the dark areas.



Bottlenose size compared to humans



[illegible] world, except far north and south

name?

[illegible] their names because their [illegible] the.

[illegible] purpose of the blowhole?

top of the dolphins head

[illegible] which body part does the bottlenose dolphin use to

together

Print & Digital

MagiCORE

Level
580

Nonfiction Images Name _____ Date _____

Bottlenose Dolphins

Bottlenose dolphins are the most common members of the dolphin family. The bottlenose dolphin is a favorite marine mammal of many people. They are known for being graceful, friendly, and intelligent.

Bottlenose dolphins are grey. They are usually 2-4 meters long. Bottlenose dolphins weigh between 330-1430 pounds. Their habitat affects their size. Dolphins that live in warmer waters tend to be smaller. The bottlenose dolphin gets its name from its snout that is shaped like a bottle. They have blowholes on the tops of their heads for breathing.

Bottlenose dolphins eat fish. They often hunt together to catch schools of fish. They are able to find fish by using echolocation. Echolocation is when dolphins release sounds and listen for the return echoes. This helps them know where the fish are located.

Bottlenose dolphins use sound to communicate. They squeak and whistle to each other. They also use body language to communicate. They jump from the water and slap their tails. Bottlenose dolphins are very smart. Their intelligence is close to humans and apes. They are also very emotional animals.

Bottlenose dolphins are fascinating mammals. We still have a lot to learn about these intelligent creatures.



Bottlenose dolphins live in the dark green.



Bottlenose size compared to humans





Nonfiction Images

1. How does the bottlenose dolphin's size compare to a human? How does their habitat affect their size?

Bottlenose dolphins are much larger than humans

Image that helped me illustration comparing humans to dolphins

2. Where [illegible] and except for north and south

[illegible] name?

[illegible] their names because their

[illegible]

3. [illegible] purpose of the blow [illegible]?

top of the dolphins head

4. Which body [illegible] does the bottlenose dolphin use to

[illegible]

together to catch schools

find fish.

Nonfiction Images

1. When was Diana born? How many siblings did she have? Explain which image helped you locate this information.

Diana was born on July 1, 1961. She had 3 siblings.

Image that helped me: Timeline

2. When did Diana meet Charles?

Diana met Prince Charles on July 29, 1981.

3. Which life event occurred before Diana went to boarding school?

a. In 1977, Diana's dad remarried
b. In 1967, Diana's parents divorced
c. In 1981, Charles and Diana married
d. In 1996, Diana and Charles divorced

4. What is the second photograph showing?

The second photograph shows the memorial [illegible] at the site of the car accident in Paris.

5. Which of the following was

a. Diana had two sons
b. Diana struggled in
c. Diana wanted a pr
d. Diana got a lot of

6. What was Diana's nick

Diana's nickn
certain child

Level 680

Nonfiction Images Name _____ Date _____

TEST: Princess Diana- The Queen of People's Hearts

Diana Frances was born in 1961 into a British noble family. She was the fourth of five children in her family. Diana grew up in one of Queen Elizabeth II's houses. Diana always struggled in school. She loved music, swimming, and dance.

Diana married Charles, Prince of Wales, on July 29, 1981. Their wedding was watched by more than 750 million people on TV. It was described as a fairy tale come true. When Diana became a princess, she had royal duties. She represented the Queen at functions and did countless charity work.

Charles and Diana had two sons, Prince William and Prince Harry. Diana made her children a priority. She wanted her children to experience as many normal things as possible. She took them to Disney World and McDonald's, and she involved them in her charity work.

Princess Diana and Prince Charles divorced on August 28, 1996. Diana faced a lot of negative media attention after the divorce. While she was still considered a princess, Diana wanted a private life.

On August 31, 1997, Diana died in a car crash in Paris. She was mourned by people all around the world. There are numerous memorials to her. Diana lives on today through her legacy. She is remembered for her beauty, kindness, and charity work.



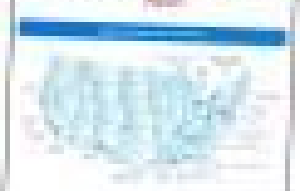
Princess Di in 1985



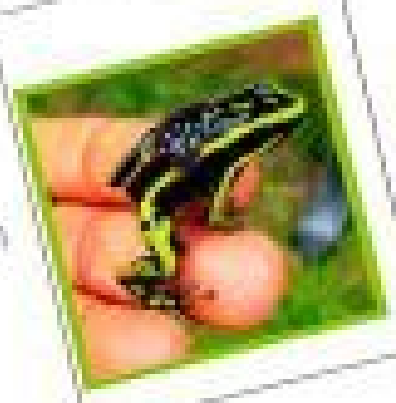
Memorial to Diana at the site of the car accident in Paris

Princess Diana's Life

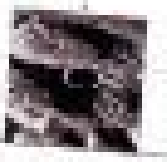
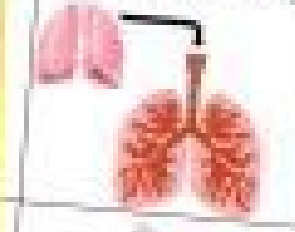
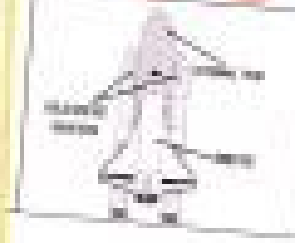
Nonfiction Text Features: Images

Text Feature	Example	Purpose
Chart/ Table		-Organizes data
Graph		-Shows data in a visual format -Different types of graphs include bar graphs, line graphs, and pie charts
Map		-Shows locations
Timeline		-Tells when events occurred -Chronological order

Nonfiction Text Features: Images

Text Feature	Example	Purpose
Caption		
Photograph		-Shows

Nonfiction Text Features: Images

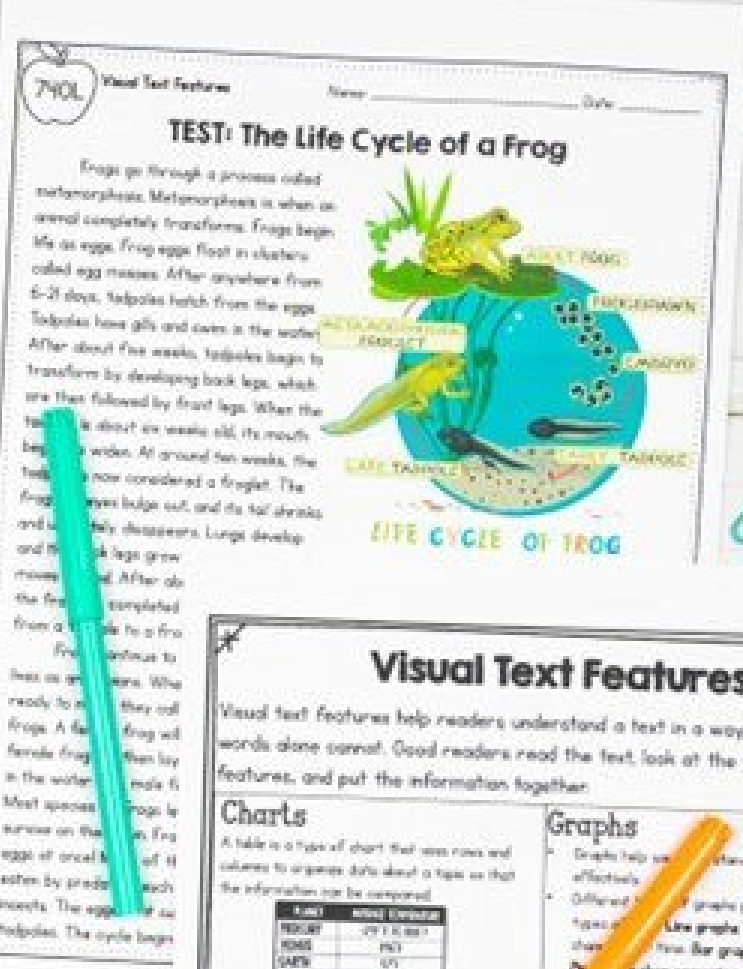
Text Feature	Example	Purpose
		-Tells what a part of an image is
		-Shows what a piece of an image looks like up close
		-Shows what something looks like on the inside
		-Many labels that show the parts of an image

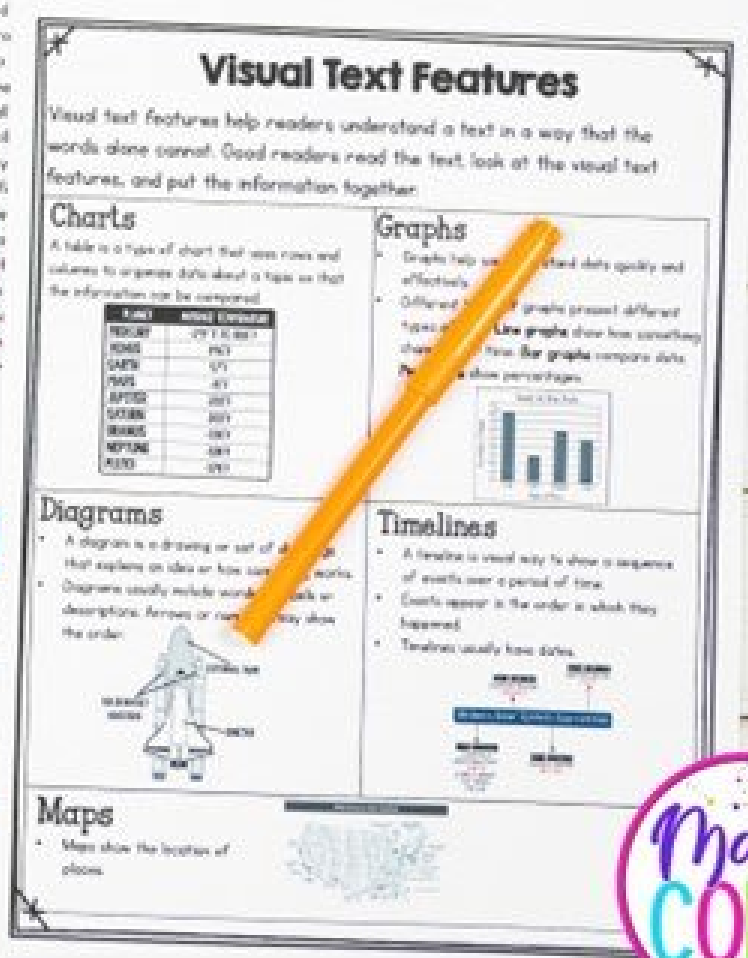
NONFICTION | 4TH GRADE | RI.4.7

TEXT FEATURES

LEXILE







Print & Digital

MagiCORE

Text Features

hat is the map showing?

that there are many types of frogs
where frogs are located in nature
how many frogs live on each continent
the amount of frogs versus the amount of tadpoles in different locations

. Which statement from the
hat apply.)

a "Frog eggs float in clu
b "The female frog will
c "After anywhere fror
d "The froglet's eyes b

6. Describe one fact you learn
passage.

One Fact Learned from Diagram
I learned how lifecycle of a frog looks.

Visual Text Features

Answer the following questions. Underline the text evidence in the

1. What is the purpose of the diagram? Describe one th
that you did not learn from the text.

The diagram is showing the
It shows how a frog lays
into a tadpole, and the
into a frog.

2. The chart shows the approximate length of ea
does the chart include that is not in the text? (C

a how long an adult frog lives
b how long the froglet stage lasts
c how long it takes for frog eggs to
d how long the metamorphosis phase

3. What information does the text include tha

a Adult frogs lay eggs
b It takes 6-21 days for tadpoles to
c When tadpoles begin to transform
d When the froglet moves to land,

740L

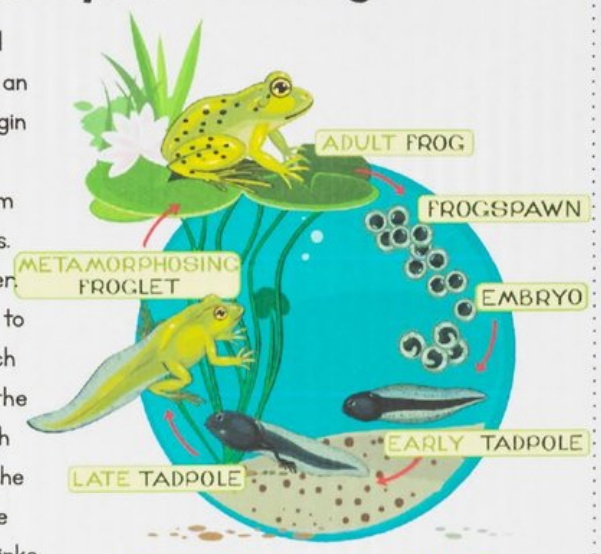
Visual Text Features

Name: _____ Date: _____

TEST: The Life Cycle of a Frog

Frogs go through a process called metamorphosis. Metamor is is when an animal completely transfo Frogs begin life as eggs. Frog eggs flo clusters called egg masses. After here from days, tadpoles hatch the eggs. les have gills and sw the water At bout five weeks, les begin to tra m by developing legs, which are followed by fror s. When the tadpo bout six weeks its mouth begins den. At aroun weeks, the tadpole v considered roglet. The froglet's bulge out, a s tail shrinks and ultima disappears. gs develop and the bac s grow m The froglet moves to lan ter abou ven weeks, the frog has c leted it tamorphosis from a tadpole frog.

Frogs con to gr and live their lives as amphibian When frogs are ready to mate, the ll o o female frogs. A female fro l answer. The female frog will then her eggs, typically in the water. The male fertilizes the eggs. Most species of frogs leave their eggs to survive on their own. Frogs lay up to 4,000 eggs at once! Many of these eggs get eaten by predators such as ducks, fish, and insects. The eggs that survive will hatch as tadpoles. The cycle begins again!



LIFE CYCLE OF FROG

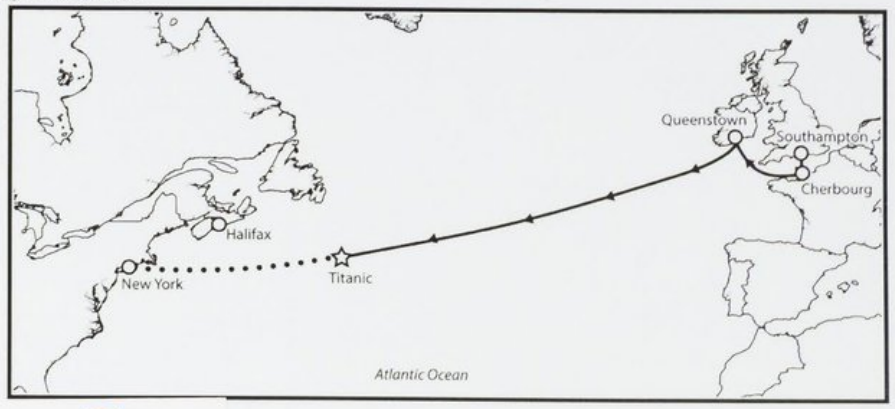
Approximate Length of Each Lifecycle Stage

Eggs	Tadpole	Froglet	Adult Frog
6-21 days	6 weeks to 9 months	About 4 weeks	4-15 years

Location of Frogs



On April 10, 1912, the *Titanic* left Southampton England. It stopped in Cherbourg, France and Queenstown, Ireland, and then it started to travel west to New York. Four days into the journey, the *Titanic* hit an iceberg 375 miles south of Newfoundland. This hit caused five watertight compartments to open. Some passengers and crew evacuated in lifeboats. Many of the lifeboats were only partially loaded. Women and children were loaded first, leaving many men behind.



il 15, the *Titanic* sank with more than 1,000 thousand people still another liner, later arrived and brought about 705 survivors among the classes. Only 3% percent of first-class women men in third class died. Five out of six first- and second-class 52 out of 79 third-class children perished.

People	Class	Number Aboard	Number Saved	Number Lost	% Saved	% Lost
Children	Second	24	24	0	100%	0%
Women	First	144	140	4	97%	3%
Women	Crew	23	20	3	87%	13%
Women	Second	93	80	13	86%	14%
Children	First	6	5	1	83%	17%
Women	Third	165	76	89	46%	54%
Children	Third	79	27	52	34%	66%
Men	First	175	57	118	33%	67%
Men	Crew	885	192	693	22%	78%
Men	Third	462	75	387	16%	84%
Men	Second	168	14	154	8%	92%
Total		2224	710	1514	32%	68%

©Gale Bachus

Visual Text Features
Answer the following questions. Underline the text evidence in the color indicated

red

1. What is the purpose of the diagram on page 1? Describe one thing you learned from this diagram that you did not learn from the text.

The purpose of the diagrams is to compare the size of the Titanic to a... car, bus, and Airbus A380... I learned the Tita... least three Airb...

2. The map on page 2 shows include that is not in the tex...

a. The *Titanic* sank ne...
b. The *Titanic* sank in...
c. The *Titanic* sank fo...
d. The *Titanic* was tr...

3. What information does...

a. The *Titanic* sank...
b. The *Titanic* was...
c. The *Titanic* mad...
d. The *Titanic* mad... York City.

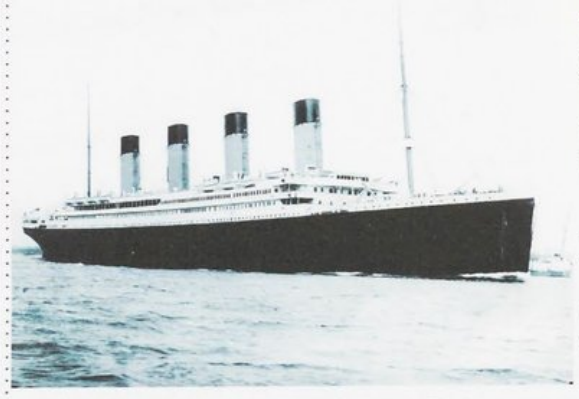
6. Describ... passage.

One F...

Titar...

830L **Visual Text Features** Name: _____ Date: _____

The RMS *Titanic*



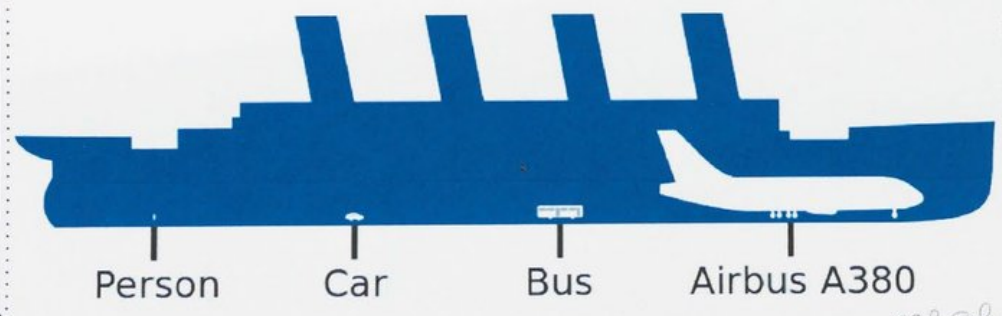
The RMS *Titanic* was a l... o... liner that sank in the co... on Ap... 1912. The *Titanic* was o... firs... age from England to N... York... About 2,224 passeng... were ...d the *Titanic*, and a... 1,500 p... died in the traged...

So... f the wealthiest p...le traveled a...d the maiden vo...e. There were... hundreds of emigrants fr... Great Britain, ...and, and Scandinav... who were look... for a new start in... United State...

The *Titanic* Departing Southampton, England

The *Titanic* was the largest ship at the time. The ship held a gymn...n, swimming pool, libraries, and restaurants. The *Titanic* also had advanced safety feat...s. There were watertight compartments and remote watertight doors. However, there w... not enough lifeboats to hold all of the passengers. There were only enough lifeboats fo... ttle over half of the passengers.

Size Comparison of the RMS *Titanic*



©Gale Bachus

Underline the text evidence in the color indicated.

ts important facts and events about Eleanor Roosevelt. What
nclude that is not in the text?

red

Democrat
s when she died
arried to Franklin D. Roosevelt

e text include that the table does not? (Choose all that apply.)

orange

ed before her
nklin D. Roosevelt
rs old when she died
t to be a traditional first lady

he photographs on pages 1-2?

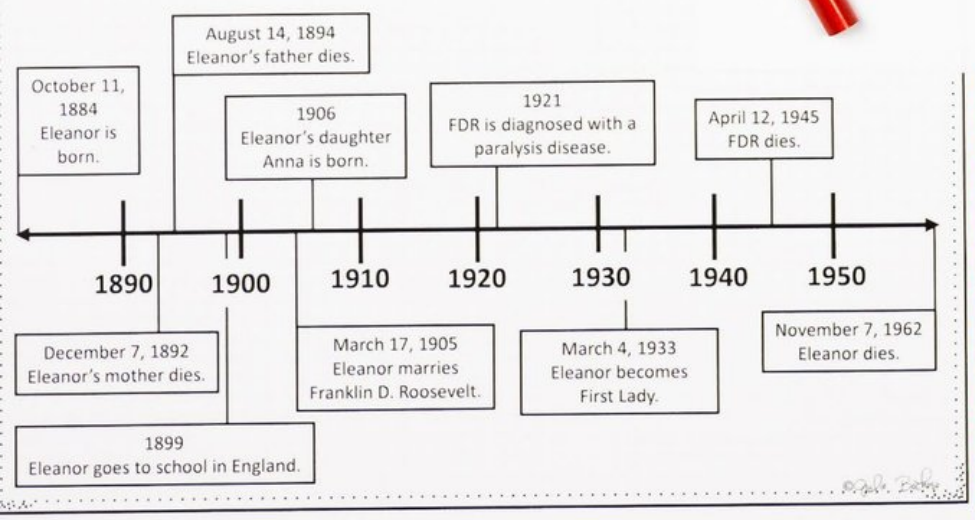
yellow

In 1937, Eleanor began writing her autobiography, which was later
main project during Franklin's first two ter[illegible] was a resettlement com
community was to provide a place for worke[illegible] to have better living co
intended for the community to be racially inclu[illegible] but she lost the co
caused Eleanor to become outspoken about raci[illegible]scrimination. Frank
about civil rights, but Eleanor was vocal in her supp[illegible] for the Civil Rig
spoke out against her husband's order for Japanese [illegible]ericans being
camps during World War II.

On April 12, 1945, Franklin died from a cerebral hem[illegible]hage. This
term as president. President Harry S. Truman appointed El[illegible]r as a
Nations General Assembly. Throughout the 1950s, Eleanor co[illegible]ed to
column. She gave about 150 lectures each year. In 1968, she wa[illegible]ard
Prize to recognize the human rights work she had accomplished.

In April 1960, Eleanor was diagnosed with a blood disease. He
of her. Eleanor died because of cardiac failure in Manhattan on Nove
was 78 years old. President Kennedy and former presidents, Truman
attended Eleanor's funeral services. Her friend Adlai Stevenson said, "
human being has touched and transformed the existence of so many...
candle than curse the darkness, and her glow has warmed the world."

Eleanor Roosevelt's Life



880L

Visual Text Features

Name: _____ Date: _____

Eleanor Roosevelt

Anna Eleanor Roosevelt was born on October 11, 1884 in Manhattan, New York City. Her parents were socialites. Roosevelt was the niece of President Theodore Roosevelt. At a young age, Anna wanted to be called Eleanor. Eleanor was a very serious child. Her mother nicknamed her "Granny" due to her serious nature. Eleanor was a plain and simple child, despite her parent's fondness for extravagance. The family was extremely wealthy.

Born	October 11, 1884
Died	November 7, 1962
First Lady of the United States	March 4, 1933-April 12, 1945
Political Party	Democrat
Spouse	Franklin D. Roosevelt



Eleanor with Her Brothers and Father

Eleanor had two your[illegible] brothers named Elliot Jr. and Graci[illegible]ll. She also had a half-brother nam[illegible]lliot. When Eleanor was only eight[illegible]rs old, her mother died of diphth[illegible]a. Her brother Elliot Jr. also passe[illegible]way from the same disease a fe[illegible]onths later. Eleanor's father[illegible]nt most of his time in a sanitarium[illegible] to alcoholism. He died there in 1894[illegible]n Eleanor was 10 years old. Before h[illegible]eath, Eleanor's father asked her[illegible]ct as a mother toward her youn[illegible]brother, Hall. Eleanor took care of[illegible]l and helped ensure his succe[illegible]

After her parents died, Eleanor lived with her grand[illegible]her in New York. As a child, Eleanor was insecure. She thought that she was an "ugly [illegible]kling". Eleanor had a difficult childhood. Due to her losses, she suffered from depress[illegible] throughout her life. Despite her unfortunate circumstances, Eleanor was very intelliger[illegible]t the age of 15, Eleanor was sent [illegible] a private school in Wimbledon, England. Her headm[illegible]ess, Marie Souvestre, had a large [illegible]act on Eleanor. Souvestre helped Eleanor becom[illegible]onfident.



Eleanor, Franklin, and Their Children in 1918



Eleanor in 1933